

International Research Journal of Modernization in Engineering Technology and Science

(Peer-Reviewed, Open Access, Fully Refereed International Journal)

Volume:04/Issue:05/May-2022

Impact Factor- 6.752

www.irjmets.com

A REVIEW OF LITERATURE ON SYNTHESIS, CHARACTERIZATION, AND BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITIES OF SOME NOVEL PHENOXAZINE DERIVATIVES

Manivasan K^{*1}, Lata Khani Bisht^{*2}, Visagaperumal D^{*3},

Vineeth Chandy^{*4}

*1,2,3,4Department Of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, T. John College Of Pharmacy,

Gottigere, Bangalore, Karnataka, India.

ABSTRACT

The aim of this review article is given to a systemic approach to synthetic and different biological activities related to the phenoxazine derivatives. The synthesis of phenoxazine derivatives and screening of them for various biological activities have garnered considerable attention in the last few decades. Antiprotozoal activity, Antiviral activity, Antioxidant activity, Anti-inflammatory activity, Antibacterial activity, Antifungal activity, Antiparasitic activity, Antineoplastic activity, and other biological activities are all effective with phenoxazine. Phenoxazine derivatives associate better activity than standard drugs.

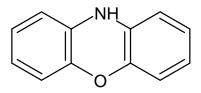
Keywords: Phenoxazine, Antibacterial, Antiviral, Antiprotozoal, Antitubercular.

I.

INTRODUCTION

Phenoxazine is a heterocyclic compound that belongs to the oxazine class, which is relevant in medical chemistry and material science. Phenoxazine was first invented by Bernthsen in 1887 in the course of proof of structure studied on Meldola's blue and gallocyanine.[1] Phenoxazine is two benzene rings are fused with an oxazine [2].

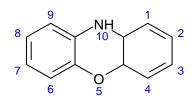
Structure



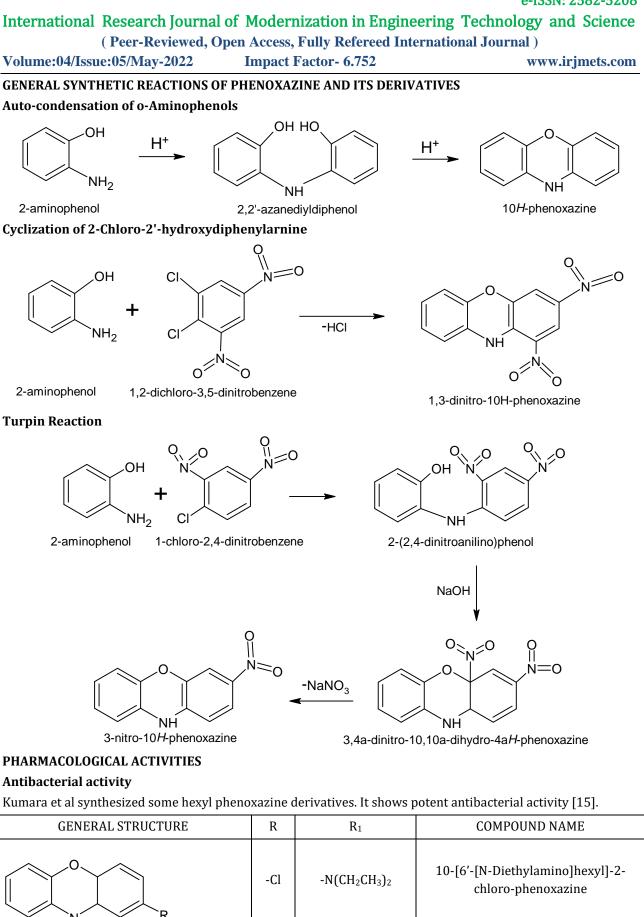
- 1. Molecular formula: O (C6H4)2NH
- 2. Molar Volume: 153.1 ± 3.0 cm³
- 3. Molecular weight: 183.20 gm/mole
- 4. Molar Refractivity: 54.13 ± 0.3 cm³
- 5. Composition: C=78.67%, H=4.95%
- 6. Parachor: 404.1 ± 4.0 cm³
- N=7.65%, 0=8.73%
- 7. Index Refraction: 1.624 ± 0.02
- 8. Density: 1.196 ± 0.06 g/cm³
- 9. Polarizability: 21.46 ± 0.5 10⁻²⁴ cm³
- 10. Melting point: 156-159°C

Phenoxazines are a group of N-heterocyclic compounds having three-ring structures with nitrogen and oxygen atoms [3]. Specifically, as effective microbial agent, Phenoxazine based on chemical probes with aryl substituents has been considered [4, 5]. Due to their biological actions, such as anticancer, anti-inflammatory, and cytotoxic effects, it is a veritable group of heterocycles in the field of medicinal chemistry. Many substituted phenoxazines shows important biological properties like antiviral, antifungal [6], antibacterial [7], tranquilizers [8], antimalarial [9], anti psychotropic [10], antiviral [11], antitubercular [12], antitumour [13,14] and etc. Stimulation of the penetration of anticancer agents via the blood-brain barrier [15] and multidrug resistance reversal activity [16]. They have also been found to prevent human amyloid disorders [17] and to protect neuronal cells from death by oxidative stress [18].

www.irjmets.com







R₁

-Cl

-N(CH₂CH₂OH)₂

10-[6'-[N-

Bis(hydroxyethylamino)hexyl]-2chloro-phenoxazine

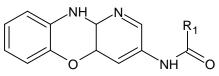


International Research Journal of Modernization in Engineering Technology and Science (Peer-Reviewed, Open Access, Fully Refereed International Journal)

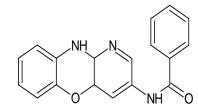
www.irjmets.com	Impact Factor- 6.752		Volume:04/Issue:05/May-2022 In
10-[6'-[N-Morpholino]hexyl]-2- chloro-phenoxazine		-Cl	
10-[6'-[N-Piperidino]hexyl]-2-chloro- phenoxazine		-Cl	
10-[6'-[N-Pyrrolidino]hexyl]- 2- chloro-phenoxazine	N	-Cl	

Antifungal activity

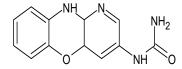
Agbo SA et al studied Phenoxazine carboxamide derivative, the synthesized derivative screened for antifungal activity against different strains of fungi (absidia corymbifera, fusarium solani) using the serial broth dilution method [19].



Phenoxazine carboxamide



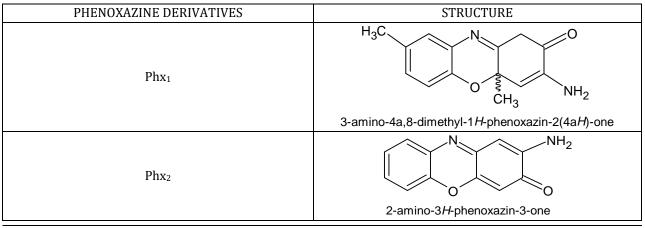
N-(10,10a-dihydro-4aH-pyrido[3,2-b][1,4]benzoxazin-3-yl)benzamide



N-(10,10a-dihydro-4aH-pyrido[3,2-b][1,4]benzoxazin-3-yl)urea

Anticancer activity

Macías et al have studied a series of easily affordable phenoxazine derivatives and tested compounds are evaluated for multidrug resistance reverting activity and full antitumor profile [20].





International Research Journal of Modernization in Engineering Technology and Science

(Peer-Reviewed, Open Access, Fully Refereed International Journal)

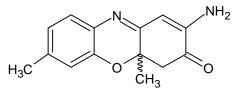
Volume:04/Issue:05/May-2022

Impact Factor- 6.752

www.irjmets.com

Antiviral activity

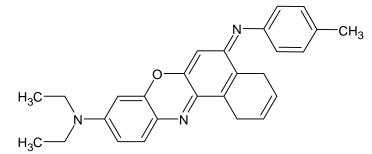
Sato K et al has synthesized 2-amino-4a, 7-dimethyl-4,4a-dihydro-3H-phenoxazin-3-one, that blocked the poliovirus proliferation in Vero cells from 0.2 5 μ g/ml to 2 μ g/ml concentrations with better antiviral activity at 1 μ g/ml [11].



2-amino-4a,7-dimethyl-4,4a-dihydro-3H-phenoxazin-3-one

Anti-protozoal activity

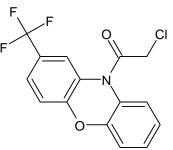
Jian-Feng Ge et al has synthesized N, N-Diethyl-5-((4-methoxyphenyl)imino) -5H-benzo [a] phenoxazin-9 amine. The in vitro anti-protozoal properties were evaluated against several organisms, such as Leishmania donovani, Plasmodium falciparum K1, Trypanosoma brucei rhodesiense, Trypanosoma cruzi, etc. N, N-Diethyl-5-((4-methoxyphenyl)imino)-5H-benzo[a]phenoxazin-9 amine shows IC50 = 0.040 l molL with a selective index of 1425 mainly against Plasmodium falciparum [21].



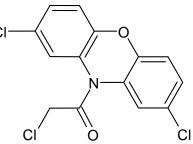
N,N-Diethyl-5-((4-methoxyphenyl)imino)-5H-benzo[a]phenoxazin-9amine

Antiparasitic activity

Müller K et al has synthesized haloacetamide of phenoxazine derivatives, the haloacetamide derivatives proved to be suitable to inhibit Leishmania major is a parasitic species that causes cutaneous leishmaniasis, a tropical disease that generates a large number of adverse effects on human health, mainly affecting the skin and mucous membranes [22].



2-chloro-1-[2-(trifluoromethyl)-10H-phenoxazin-10-yl]ethan-1-one



2-chloro-1-(2,8-dichloro-10H-phenoxazin-10-yl)ethan-1-one



International Research Journal of Modernization in Engineering Technology and Science (Peer-Reviewed, Open Access, Fully Refereed International Journal)

Volume:04/Issue:05/May-2022

Impact Factor- 6.752

www.irjmets.com

II. CONCLUSION

In this paper, we review the recent literature data on the synthesis and biological activities of some phenoxazine derivatives. Phenoxazine is found to be an important lead nucleus possessing a wide range of promising biological activities and this compound needs to be further investigated to unleash a range of molecules with useful activities. Some phenoxazine derivatives have better activity than standard drugs and could become new drugs for the market in the future.

III. REFERENCE

- Ionescu M, Mantsch H. Phenoxazines. In Advances in heterocyclic chemistry 1967 Jan 1 (Vol. 8, pp. 83-113). Academic Press.
- [2] Shruti, Dwivedi J, Kishore D, Sain S. Recent advancement in the synthesis of phenoxazine derivatives and their analogues. Synthetic Communications. 2018 Jun 18;48(12):1377-402.
- [3] Motohashi N, Mitscher LA, Meyer R. Potential antitumor phenoxazines. Medicinal research reviews. 1991 May 1;11(3):239-94.
- [4] Attah AS, Aondoaver AV, Chris OU. Nickel catalyzed amidation reaction in the synthesis of azaphenoxazine carboxamides. Journal of Applicable Chemistry. 2014;3(6):2526-32.
- [5] Shimizu S, Suzuki M, Tomoda A, Arai S, Taguchi H, Hanawa T, Kamiya S. Phenoxazine compounds produced by the reactions with bovine hemoglobin show antimicrobial activity against non-tuberculosis mycobacteria. The Tohoku journal of experimental medicine. 2004;203(1):47-52.
- [6] Anoh V, Agbo S, Swande P. Antimicrobial Evaluation of Some Monoazaphenoxazines Carboxamides: A Structural Activity Relationship (SAR). InProceedings of the 18th Int. Electron. Conf. Synth. Org. Chem 2014 Nov (pp. 1-30).
- [7] Frade VH, Sousa MJ, Moura JC, Gonçalves MS. Synthesis, characterization and antimicrobial activity of new benzo [a] phenoxazine based fluorophores. Tetrahedron Letters. 2007 Nov 19;48(47):8347-52.
- [8] El-Said MK. SYNTHESIS OF NEW PHENOTHIAZINE DERIVATIVES AS POTENTIAL TRANQUILIZERS AND SEDATIVES. Chemischer Informationsdienst. 1982 Feb 16;13(7):no-.
- [9] Domínguez JN, López S, Charris J, Iarruso L, Lobo G, Semenov A, Olson JE, Rosenthal PJ. Synthesis and antimalarial effects of phenothiazine inhibitors of a Plasmodium falciparum cysteine protease. Journal of medicinal chemistry. 1997 Aug 15;40(17):2726-32.
- [10] Lin G, Midha KK, Hawes EM. Synthesis of the piperidinone metabolites of piperidine type phenothiazine antipsychotic drugs via ruthenium tetroxide oxidation. Journal of heterocyclic chemistry. 1991 Feb;28(2):215-9.
- [11] Iwata A, Yamaguchi T, Sato K, Izumi R, Tomoda A. Antiviral activity of 2-amino-4, 4α-dihydro-4α-7dimethyl-3H-phenoxazine-3-one on poliovirus. The Tohoku Journal of Experimental Medicine. 2003;200(3):161-5.
- [12] Amaral L, Kristiansen JE. Phenothiazines: an alternative to conventional therapy for the initial management of suspected multidrug-resistant tuberculosis. A call for studies. International journal of antimicrobial agents. 2000 Apr 1;14(3):173-6.
- [13] Motohasho N, Kawase M, Saito S, Sakagami H. Phenothiazines: an alternative to conventional therapy for the initial management of suspected multidrug-resistant tuberculosis. Curr. Drug Targets. 2000;1:237-45.
- [14] Hara K, Okamoto M, Aki T, Yagita H, Tanaka H, Mizukami Y, Nakamura H, Tomoda A, Hamasaki N, Kang D. Synergistic enhancement of TRAIL-and tumor necrosis factor α-induced cell death by a phenoxazine derivative. Molecular cancer therapeutics. 2005 Jul 1;4(7):1121-7.
- [15] Sridhar BT, Girish K, Channu BC, Thimmaiah KN, Kumara MN. Antibacterial activity of phenoxazine derivatives. J. Chem. Pharm. Res. 2015;7:1074-9.
- [16] Wesolowska O, Molnar J, Westman G, Samuelsson K, Kawase M, Ocsovszki I, Motohashi N, Michalak K. Benzo [a] phenoxazines: a new group of potent P-glycoprotein inhibitors. in vivo. 2006 Jan 1;20(1):109-13.
- [17] Klabunde T, Petrassi HM, Oza VB, Raman P, Kelly JW, Sacchettini JC. Rational design of potent human transthyretin amyloid disease inhibitors. Nature structural biology. 2000 Apr;7(4):312-21.



International Research Journal of Modernization in Engineering Technology and Science (Peer-Reviewed, Open Access, Fully Refereed International Journal)

Volume:04/Issue:05/May-2022	Impact Factor- 6.752
Volume.04/18Suc.03/191ay-2022	111111111111111111111111111111111111

www.irjmets.com

- [18] Moosmann B, Skutella T, Beyer K, Behl C. Protective activity of aromatic amines and imines against oxidative nerve cell death, (2001): 1601-1612.
- [19] Agbo SA, Igbum GO, Anoh VA, Swande PI. Synthesis and in vitro antimicrobial activity of some novel azaphenoxazine carboxamide derivatives. IOSR J Appl Chem. 2015;8:21-5.
- [20] Zorrilla JG, Rial C, Cabrera D, Molinillo JM, Varela RM, Macías FA. Pharmacological Activities of Aminophenoxazinones. Molecules. 2021 Jan;26(11):3453.
- [21] Shi XL, Ge JF, Liu BQ, Kaiser M, Wittlin S, Brun R, Ihara M. Synthesis and in vitro antiprotozoal activities of 5-phenyliminobenzo [a] phenoxazine derivatives. Bioorganic & medicinal chemistry letters. 2011 Oct 1;21(19):5804-7.
- [22] Marcu A, Schurigt U, Müller K, Moll H, Krauth-Siegel RL, Prinz H. Inhibitory effect of phenothiazine-and phenoxazine-derived chloroacetamides on Leishmania major growth and Trypanosoma brucei trypanothione reductase. European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry. 2016 Jan 27;108:436-43.