e-ISSN: 2582-5208
International Research Journal of Modernization in Engineering Technology and Science
(Peer-Reviewed, Open Access, Fully Refereed International Journal)
Volume:04/Issue:06/June-2022 Impact Factor- 6.752 www.irjmets.com

CONTAINERISING WEB APPLICATION USING SERVERLESS INFRASTRUCTURE IN CLOUD

Pooja M Raikar*1, Mrs Anitha J*2

*1Student, Department of Master of Computer Applications, Dr. Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Bangalore, Karnataka, India

*2Assistant Professor, Department of Master of Computer Applications, Dr. Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Bangalore, Karnataka, India.

ABSTRACT

Devops is a set of concepts and practises that help developers and IT operations work together more effectively. The Google Cloud platform is being used to implement the solution and construct infrastructure globally. Devops teams keep an eye on the whole development process, from strategy to development to integration and testing to deployment and operations. This enables teams to respond fast and automatically to any worsening in the client experience. Websites play an important role in connecting people in the digital age. Hosting a website on a worldwide scale necessitates several processes and upgrades. Many manual tasks were required behind the scenes of the website, which might be automated using devops. During the experimental phase, the development and deployment process may appear simple. However, if not carefully designed, deploying and using such models can result in complex, time-consuming approaches that require significant and costly maintenance, improvement, and monitoring efforts using continuous integration (CI) and continuous delivery (CD) principles, practises, and tools to reduce waste, support rapid feedback, uncover hidden technical debt, and improve value delivery and maintenance.

Keywords: Devops, Cloud Run, Gitlab, Google Container Registry, Google Cloud Platform.

I. INTRODUCTION

In today's digitalized world, where everything happens at the touch of a button with lightning-fast delivery, it's even more important for developers to advance in one of the leading branches of product development, where automation plays a major role in both the developer and client sides, and has a significant impact on business products. However, there is still a lot of room for development in terms of storing and managing application databases. We are attempting to improve this element of cloud management through our initiative. Devops in the cloud is less about programme development and more about continuous integration and deployment of source code for the quickest possible delivery. On the other hand, it refers to a method of development that emphasises cooperation, client feedback, and small, frequent releases. DevOps and cloud are two pillars that overlap traditional operational and developmental teams to create an environment that is constantly improving operations through a cross-functional team of developers and operators, assisting in the achievement of business goals.

II. METHODOLOGY

In this undertaking, constructing and publishing the software program packages from builders aspect to customer aspect has many complexities and demanding situations. To clear up this issue, we need to use automation the usage of devops in cloud – its effective, steady and secure of transport the software program packages. In this undertaking we need to lessen demanding situations to each builders and clients. The undertaking is to remove guide intervention which makes clean for keeping off guide mistakes in the course of constructing deployments.

III. ARCHITECTURE

This architecture shows the developers collaborating each other to build the product using gitlab to push the source code to cloud database. This triggers the cloud run to execute the code to build the docker image and push in to GCR the build image will be shipped to docker hub. The client downloads the image from docker hub and put in to the server and host the website for end users.

e-ISSN: 2582-5208
International Research Journal of Modernization in Engineering Technology and Science
(Peer-Reviewed, Open Access, Fully Refereed International Journal)
Volume:04/Issue:06/June-2022 Impact Factor- 6.752 www.irjmets.com

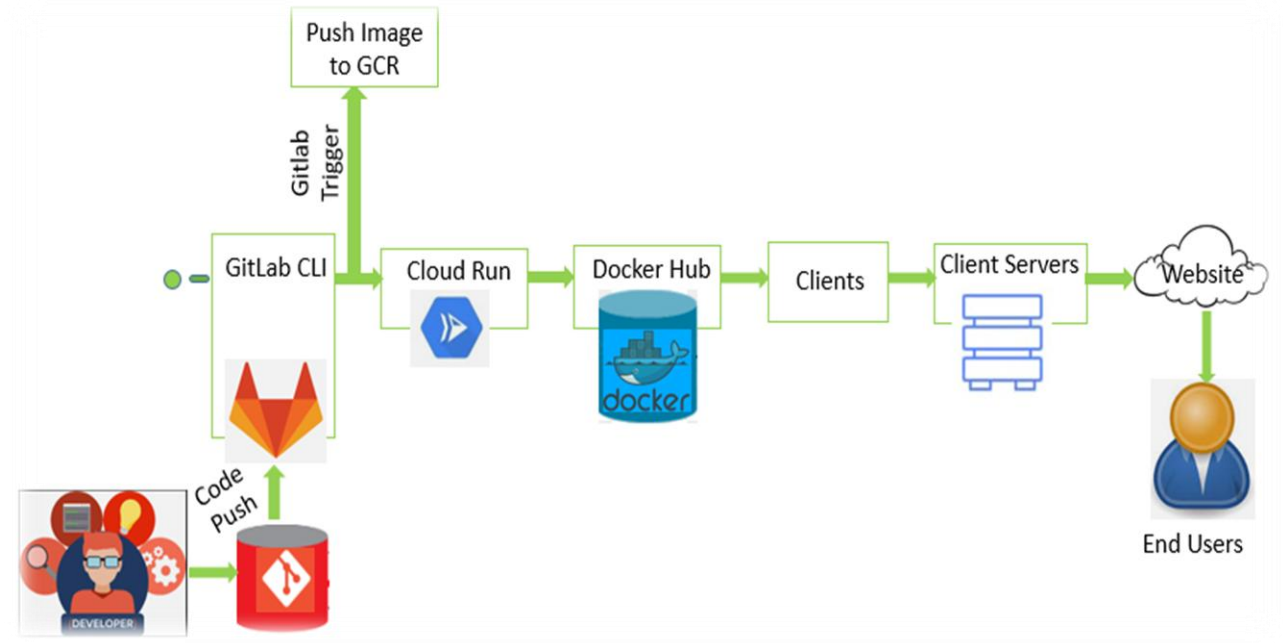

Figure 1: 3D view of building.

Google Cloud Platform(GCP)

The Google Cloud Platform (GCP) is a public cloud vendor that offers a wide variety of computing services including data management, web and video distribution over the internet, as well as capabilities in artificial intelligence and machine learning. Users have the option of obtaining computer resources from Google's data warehouses located in different parts of the world for free or on a pay-per-use basis.

Google Cloud Registry(GCR)

GCR is a private Docker registry supported by Cloud Storage. GCR supports images in the OCI and Docker image manifest V2 formats. As a component of the Google Cloud Platform, GCR offers access control methods enabled by Google Cloud IAM, supporting both user and service accounts.

GCP Cloud run

Cloud Run is a managed computational platform that lets you run containers triggered by requests or events. Cloud Run is serverless, which means it abstracts all infrastructure administration so you can focus on what matters most: creating amazing apps.

Git CLI

Git is a collection of command-line utilities that run in a Unix-style command-line environment. Unix command line terminals are built-in to modern operating systems such as Linux and macOS.

GitLab CI

GitLab CI / CD is part of GitLab used for all non-stop methods (continuous integration, delivery, deployment). GitLab CI / CD allows you to test, build, and release software programs without the need for third-party software or integration.

GitLab Runner

GitLab Runner is a pipeline-running programme that works with GitLab CI/CD. The GitLab Runner application may be installed on infrastructure that you own or administer.

Docker

Docker is a box-primarily based totally open platform for developing, deploying, and walking applications. Containerization permits you to create a box that consists of your utility, any binaries or libraries that your utility relies upon on, and any configuration details.

e-ISSN: 2582-5208
International Research Journal of Modernization in Engineering Technology and Science
(Peer-Reviewed, Open Access, Fully Refereed International Journal)
Volume:04/Issue:06/June-2022 Impact Factor- 6.752 www.irjmets.com

Dockerfile

A Dockerfile is a textual content file that carries all of the instructions a person should name at the command line to bring together an image. Using docker construct customers can create an automatic construct that executes numerous command-line commands in succession. This web page describes the instructions you may use in a Dockerfile.

IV. EXISTING SYSTEM

Clients and developers are unable to identify software quality and issues in secured deployments in clients' servers, wasting time and confidence in the product. Developers of software applications find it difficult to obtain real-time software applications in a timely manner, resulting in their inability to deploy applications in accordance with market demand. During the development of the software, there will be a lot of manual involvement and blunders.

V. PROPOSED SYSTEM

The creation of software applications can make up for the lack of security and functionality at this point by using the new automation deployment utilising devops technology, which has the features of cloud ability. Devops and cloud are the two key entities interacting with the system. The system is built using continuous integration in devops. Its integration is based on developers' viewpoints. Its primary goal is to provide a secure solution for publishing software applications over the cloud from the developer's server to the client's server.

VI. CONCLUSION

It's a modular technique for creating the full end-to-end process of generating software, with the main goal of deployment. With the correct strategy and methodology, it can assist speed up the entire process. DevOps is vital not only for speeding up software development, but also for improving software quality. DevOps brings a fresh attitude, agile techniques, and smart technologies to the table, all of which work together to achieve that aim. As a result, Agile principles/values, DevOps practises, and the Google Cloud Platform are highly recommended for providing continuous delivery and co-creation of value to customers, highlighting the importance of supporting a rapid feedback loop, accommodating early changes, and exploring the hidden technical debt that leads to a massive increase in real-world system operational costs. Future work could leverage our strategy to focus on specific parts of complicated systems and develop helpful tools to aid in model testing.

VII. REFERENCES

[1] Alexander Poth, Mark Werner, and Xinyan Lei, "How to Deliver Faster with CI/CD Integrated Testing Services?", European Conference on Software Process Improvement, Springer, ISBN: 978-3-319-97924-0, Vol. 896, Aug 2018, pp.401 – 409.

[2] Mohammed Shamsul Arefeen, Michael Schiller, "Continuous Integration Using Gitlab", URNCST Journal, Vol. 3, Issue: 8, Nov 2019, pp.40-45.

[3] Vidroha Debroy, Senecca Miller, "Overcoming Challenges with Continuous Integration and Deployment Pipelines When Moving from Monolithic Apps to Microservices", IEEE Software, IEEE, ISSN: 2169-3536, Vol. 37, Issue: 3, Feb 2020, pp.21-29.

[4] K. Sree Poornalinga, P. Rajkumar, "Survey on Continuous Integration, Deployment and Delivery in Agile and DevOps Practices" International Journal of Computer Sciences and Engineering, Volume: 4, Issue: 4 PP(213-216) April 2016, E-ISSN: 2347-2693.

[5] Keheliya Gallaba, "Improving the Robustness and Efficiency of Continuous Integration and Deployment", 2019 IEEE International Conference on Software Maintenance and Evolution (ICSME), IEEE, ISSN: 2576-3148, Vol. 10, Dec 2019, pp.619 - 623.